Application for Pollinator Friendly Garden Certification

If you reside in **Pennsylvania**, you are eligible to apply for Pollinator Friendly Garden Certification.

Fill out the application and mail to the address below with a check for \$10.00 (non-refundable) made payable to: **PSCE Program Fund**

Pollinator Friendly Garden Mail to:

Penn State Cooperative Extension 112 Pleasant Acres Road, York, PA 17402

CONTACT INFORMATION					
*Required field					
* Name:					
*Street:	*City:		State:	<u>PA</u> *Zip:	
*County:					
E-Mail:		_ Phone: ()			
Pollinator Friendly Garden Address Garden is at the same location as above					
Street:	City:		_ State: <u>PA</u>	Zip:	
County:					
GARDEN REQUIREMENTS					
STEP 1: PROVIDE FOOD					
1. Nectar and Pollen Sources. Pollinators nee	d a diversity	y of nectar and polle	n sources to	sustain the	m.

How do you provide food for pollinators? (*Required for certification)

- ____ Choose plants that provide pollen and nectar sources from early spring to late fall *
- Provide a variety of flower shapes and sizes*
- ____ When using annuals, choose old fashioned heirloom varieties and limit the use of modern hybrids.
- ____ Incorporate pollinator friendly native plants into the garden*
- Place plants in drifts of 3 or more. *

From the list below, select the pollinator friendly native plants that you have on your property. Check all that apply:

AT LEAST 4 NATIVE TREES AND SHRUBS (ANY COMBINATION)

TREES ("H" beside a plant indicates it is also a host plant for butterfly larva)

Botanical name	Common Name	Botanical name	Common Name
Aesculus pavia	Red Buckeye	Ostrya virginica.	American Hophornbeam (H)
Acer rubrum	Red Maple (H)	Oxydendrum arboreum	Sourwood
Acer saccharum	Sugar Maple	Prunus serotina	Black Cherry (H)
Amelanchier spp	Serviceberry (H)	Prunus virginiana	Chokecherry (H)
Betula nigra	River Birch (H)	Quercus spp.	Pin Oak, White Oak, Red Oak (H)
Cercis canadensis	Redbud (H)	Salix nigra, S. discolor	Black Willow, Pussy Willow (H)
Celtis occidentalis	Hackberry (H)	Sassafras albidum`	Sassafras (H)
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood (H)	Tilia americana	Basswood (H)
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar (H)		
Other (please specify)			

Other (please specity):

SHRUBS ("H" beside a plant indicates it is also a host plant for butterfly larva)

Botanical name	Common Name	Botanical Name	Common Name
Arctostaphylos uva-ursi	Bearberry	Lindera benzoin	Spicebush (H)
Ceanothus americana	New Jersey Tea	Hydrangea arborescens	Smooth Hydrangea
Calycanthus floridus	Sweet Shrub	Kalmia latifolia	Mountain Laurel
Cephalanthus occidentalis	Buttonbush	Rhus spp	Sumac
Clethra alnifolia	Summersweet	Rosa palustris	Swamp Rose (H)
Cornus alternifolia	Pagoda Dogwood	Rosa caroliniana	Carolina Rose (H)
Cornus amomum	Silky Dogwood	Rosa. virginiana	Virginia Rose (H)
Cornus racemosa	Gray Dogwood	Symphoricarpos albus	Snowberry
Cornus sericea	Red Twig Dogwood	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood Viburnum
Ilex glabra	Inkberry Holly	Viburnum nudum	Possumhaw Viburnum
Ilex verticillata	Winterberry Holly	Vaccinium spp.	Blueberry (H)
Itea virginica	Virginia Sweetspire		
Other – Please specify			

____ I cannot meet the tree and shrub criteria because:_____

AT LEAST 6 NATIVE PERENNIAL FLOWERS Check all that you have in your gardens. Must have at least 2 from each season grouping. Please make sure that the plant you have corresponds to the Latin name. For pictures or more information about these plants go to Ladybird Johnson Wildflower Center database.

Early Season bloom: April/May/June Need a minimum of 2

Botanical name	Common Name	Botanical name	Common Name
Aquilegia canadensis	Wild Columbine (H)	Penstemon calycosus	Calico Penstemon (H)
Baptisia australis	False Blue Indigo (H)	Penstemon digitalis	Smooth White Penstemon (H)
Coreopsis auriculata 'Nana'	Dwarf tickseed	Phlox subulata.	Moss Phlox
Dicentra cucullaria	Dutchman's Breeches	Phlox stolonifera, P. divaricata	Creeping Phlox, Wild Blue Phlox
Coreopsis verticillata	Threadleaf Tickseed	Sanguinaria canadensis	Bloodroot
Geranium maculatum	Wild Geranium (H)	Tiarella cordifolia	Foamflower
Packera aurea	Golden Ragwort (H)	Viola spp.	Violets (H)
Other (Please specify)		Zizia aureus	Golden Alexander (H)

Mid-Season bloom : July/August Need a minimum of 2

Common Name	Botanical name	Common Name
Anise Hyssop	Liatris spicata	Blazing Star
Swamp Milkweed (H)	Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal Flower
Common Milkweed (H)	Lobelia siphilitica	Great Blue Lobelia
Butterfly Weed (H)	Monarda didyma	Scarlet Bee Balm
Pink Tickseed	Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot
Purple Coneflower	Physostegia virginiana	Obedient Plant
Joe Pye	Pycnanthemum spp.	Mountain Mint
Boneset (H)	Tradescantia ohioensis,	Spiderwort
Helen's Flower	T. virginiana	
Perennial Sunflowers (H)	Veronicastrum virginicum	Culver's Root
False Sunflower		
	Anise Hyssop Swamp Milkweed (H) Common Milkweed (H) Butterfly Weed (H) Pink Tickseed Purple Coneflower Joe Pye Boneset (H) Helen's Flower Perennial Sunflowers (H)	Anise HyssopLiatris spicataSwamp Milkweed (H)Lobelia cardinalisCommon Milkweed (H)Lobelia siphiliticaButterfly Weed (H)Monarda didymaPink TickseedMonarda fistulosaPurple ConeflowerPhysostegia virginianaJoe PyePycnanthemum spp.Boneset (H)Tradescantia ohioensis,Helen's FlowerT. virginianaPerennial Sunflowers (H)Veronicastrum virginicum

____Other (Please specify)______

Late Season Bloom – September/October Need a minimum of 2

Botanical name	Common Name	Botanical name	Common Name
Conoclinium coelestinum Eupatorium hyssopifolium Solidago nemoralis Solidago rugosa 'Fireworks'	Blue Mistflower Thoroughwort Gray Goldenrod (H) Fireworks Goldenrod (H)	Symphyotrichum laeve Symphyotrichum novae-angliae Symphyotrichum oblongifolium	• • • •

____Other (Please specify) _____

2. Caterpillar Food Sources. Please list the plants in your landscape that are caterpillar food sources. In the second column list the butterfly larva (caterpillar) that each listed plant supports. (*At least 2 host plants are required.) Click here for more information on host plants.

Name of host plant:	Name of butterfly larva this plant supports:
*1	
*2	
3	

STEP 2: PROVIDE WATER SOURCES

Like all living things, pollinators need a source of water.

How do you provide water for pollinators? (Check all that apply. Minimum requirement: 1)

- ____ Stream ____ Birdbath or shallow water source
- ____ Butterfly puddling area ____ Spring
- ____ Water Garden/Pond

STEP 3: PROVIDE SHELTER

Pollinators need places to nest and to overwinter. How do you provide overwintering and nesting sites for pollinators? (Check all that apply. Minimum requirement: 2)

- ____ Spaces of bare ground
- ____ Rock pile/wall

____ Man-made boxes ____ Leave garden cleanup until spring

____ Dead wood

STEP 4 : SAFEGUARDING POLLINATOR HABITAT

Action 1: INVASIVE PLANTS

Did you know that invasive plants threaten pollinator habitat by endangering the native plants that pollinators require for survival? Invasive plants that move from our yards to woodlands and natural areas threaten diversity that is vital to pollinator survival. We can all help by not planting invasives and removing existing invasives on our properties.

How do you safeguard pollinator habitat in your landscape?

____ I avoid acquiring invasive ornamental plants (Click here for plants considered invasive in Pennsylvania)

I have removed or am removing invasive plants currently on my property.

Please indicate which invasive plants you are removing or controlling Autumn Olive

Autumn Olive	Japanese knotweed
Burning Bush	Multiflora Rose
Bush Honeysuckles	Norway Maple
Butterfly Bush (click here for information of the second seco	ation from PA DCNR)
Callery Pear	Oriental Bittersweet
English Ivy	Privet
Japanese Barberry	Purple Loosestrife
Japanese Honeysuckle	Tree of Heaven
Other – Please specify	

2. REDUCING PESTICIDE USE

- I don't use pesticides
- I occasionally use pesticides, but always do the following: (all are required for certification)
 - ____ Clearly identify the pest before taking action
 - ____ Use less toxic pesticides such as horticultural oil and insecticidal soap
 - ____ Always follow label directions
 - Never spray plants in bloom
 - ____ Spray late in the evening when bees are less active
 - Target spray only the problem spots

About your Pollinator Friendly Garden

In what type of area is your property located?

- ____ Urban
- ____ Suburban
- Rural

How large is your property?

- ____1-5 acres less than ¼ acre
- ____5-10 acres ___¼ to ½ acre
- ___1/2 to 1 acre ____10+ acres

Please estimate how much of your property is planted in pollinator friendly plants: ____%

Choose the option that best describes your garden

Home	Business
Apartment	Farm
Condominium	Other, please describe:
Community Garden	
School	

Photos / Sketch - REQUIRED

Please share pictures or a sketch of your garden. If sending pictures, please send at least three. Include an overview of your garden /property and two pictures showing the required plants noted in this application. We welcome prints, photos on CD and digital pictures. Please label each picture with your last name and a number, for example: Smith 1, Smith 2, Smith 3. If sending a sketch, please include a plant list, showing the location of required plants.

I am including photos to assist you in the certification of my pollinator friendly garden and grant the Pennsylvania State University the right to use, reproduce and public the photographs for any purpose without compensation or any other consideration. By entering your name and date below, you indicate that you agree with the previous statement:

Name: Date:

Submitting your application

1. Certify Your Information:

By entering your full name below, you indicate that you agree with the following statement: I certify that all the information provided above is true and that I will strive to use pollinator friendly practices in my garden.

2. Pay By Check or Credit Card:

A non-refundable processing fee of **\$10.00** is required to certify your garden. After your application has been reviewed we will register your garden and send you the official certificate. You then become eligible to receive the Penn State Pollinator Friendly Garden sign to display in your garden for \$30.00.

To pay your \$10 application fee by check:

Please make your check payable to: PSCE Program Fund

To pay by credit card:

Please call Penn State Extension at 717-840-7408 and request to make a payment for your Pollinator Friendly Garden application. You may mail or email your completed application and photos.

____ I am paying by check

____ I am paying by credit card

3. Mail or E-mail Your Completed Applications and Photos:

To **mail** your completed application, photos and payment, please send to: Penn State Cooperative Extension 112 Pleasant Acres Road York, PA 17402 Attn: Pollinator Friendly Garden

Click here to print your application:

To **e-mail** your completed application and photos, please send to:

PAPollinator@gmail.com

Please put "Pollinator Friendly Garden" in the subject line and make sure to include your name and address in the body of your e-mail.

You may mail your payment separately or call 717-840-7408 to pay by credit card.

4. The Completed Process:

Certification will be at the discretion of the committee based on the totality of information submitted. Please allow three weeks for review and processing of your application. Please call 717-840-7408 if you have any questions.

Thank you for helping Pollinators in Pennsylvania!



Penn State is an equal opportunity, affirmative action employer, and is committed to providing employment opportunities to minorities, women, veterans, individuals with disabilities, and other protected groups.